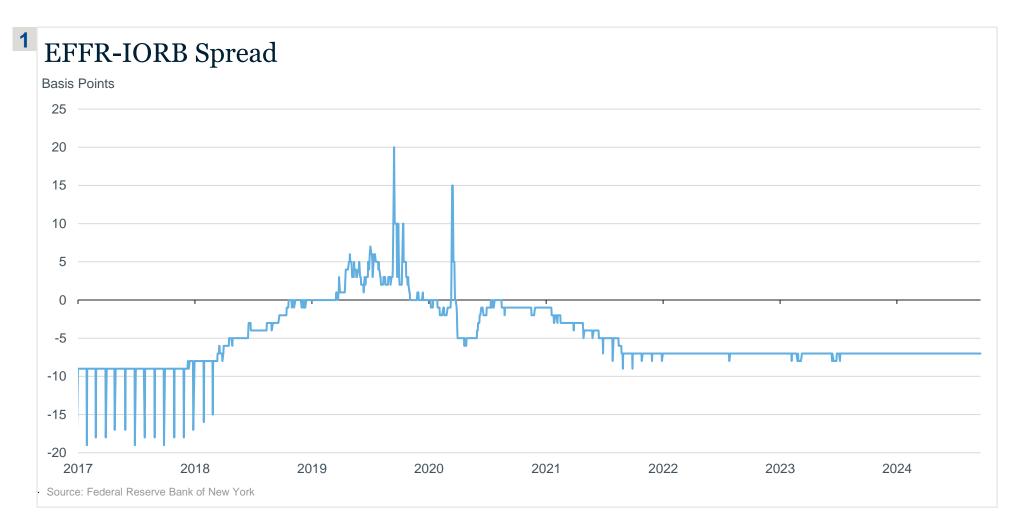
Balance Sheet Normalization: Monitoring Reserve Conditions and Understanding Repo Market Pressures

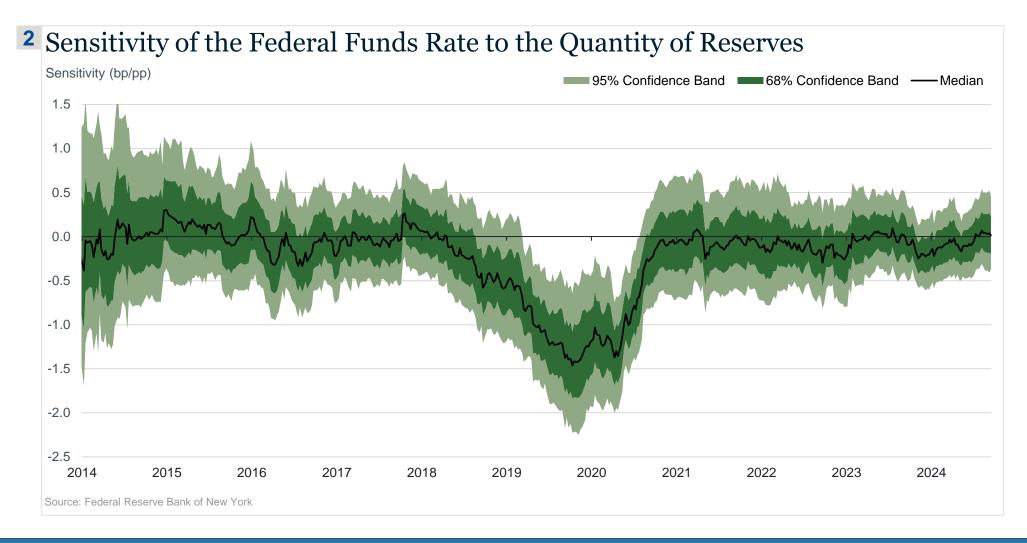
Roberto Perli, System Open Market Account (SOMA) Manager 2024 U.S. Treasury Market Conference 9/26/2024



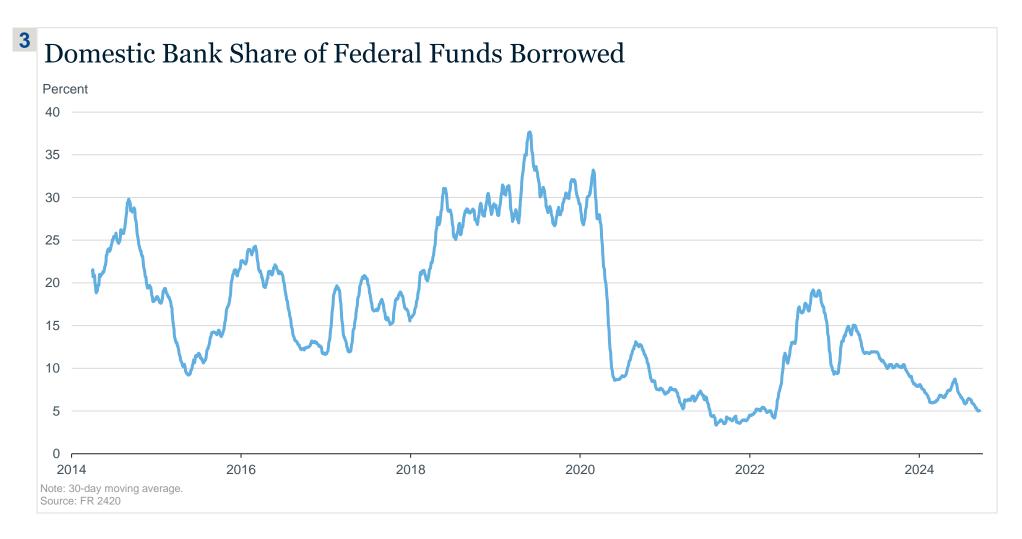
The spread between the effective federal funds rate (EFFR) and the interest rate on reserve balances (IORB) has been very stable since runoff began in 2022



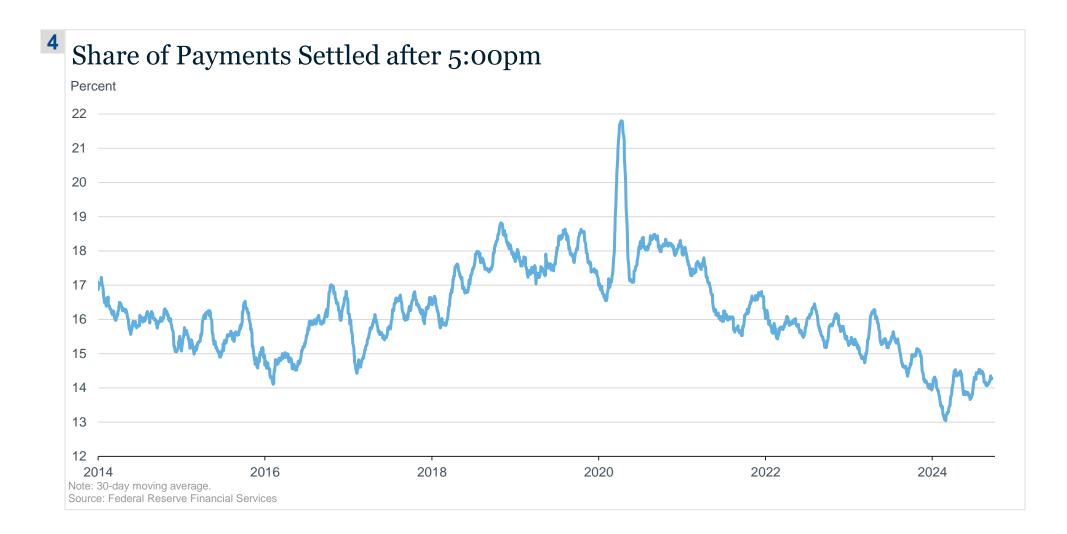
The estimated sensitivity of the federal funds rate to changes in reserves has been, and still is, indistinguishable from zero



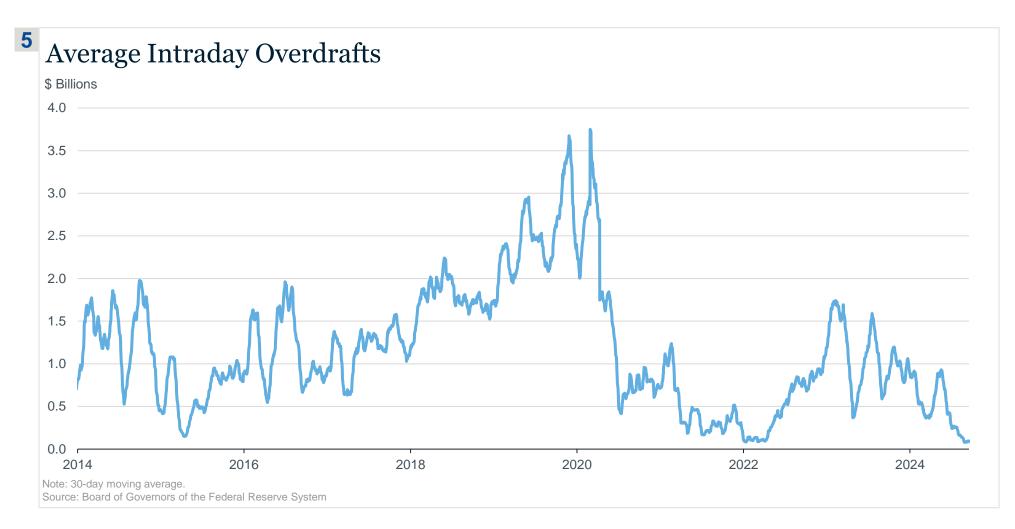
The share of domestic bank borrowing in the federal funds market remains low and declined a bit in recent months



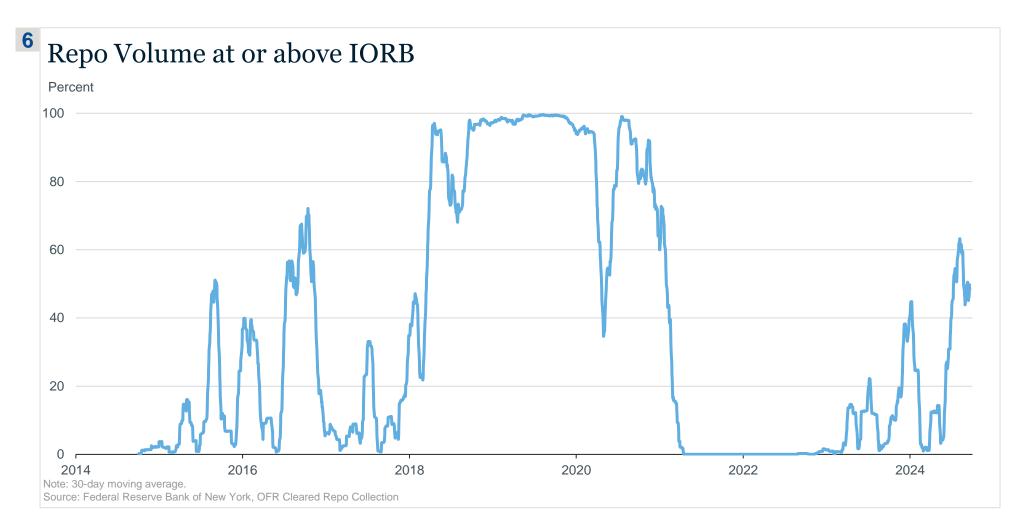
Late interbank payment activity is low



While peak intraday overdraft activity has occasionally spiked, average intraday overdrafts have remained low and actually have declined in recent months



The share of repo transactions at or above IORB has increased notably since the spring



Currently, our reserve conditions indicators are consistent with reserves remaining abundant, but the repo indicator has shifted and warrants attention

